

Semantic Web and Language Technologies

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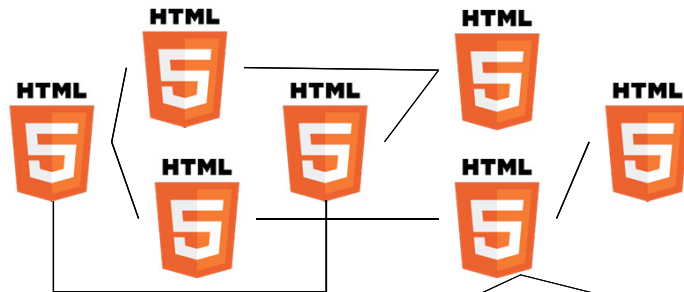
Overview

- What is Semantic Web?
- Technical building blocks
- Vocabularies
- The multilingual Semantic Web?
- LT using or processing Semantic Web
- Semantic Web and language processing workflows
- Linguistic resources and Semantic Web
- Current & future tasks

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Building blocks of the Web

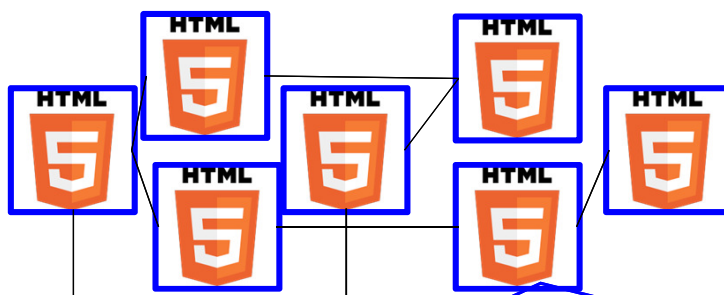


```
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```

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Content

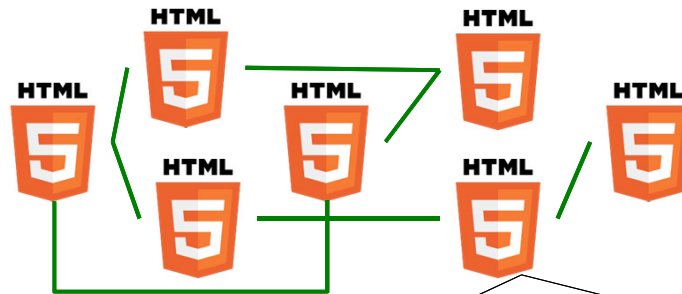


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```

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Links (or “identifiers”)

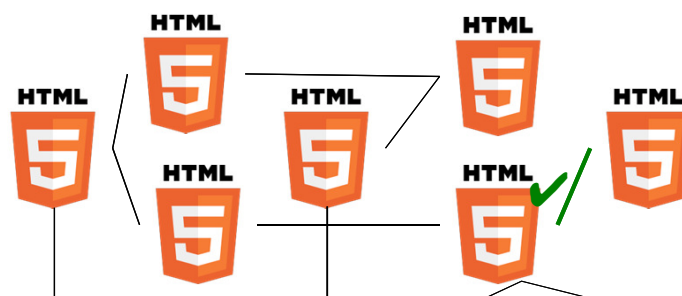


```
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```

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Easy: “Find all content that links to
<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>”

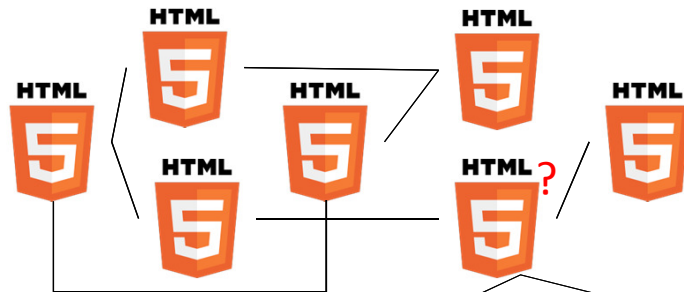


```
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```

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Still **difficult**: “Find all content that links to a creative commons license”

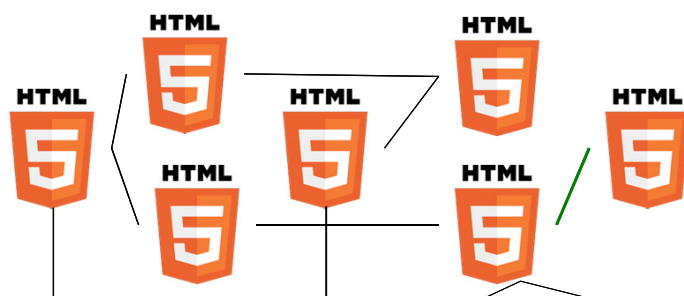


```
<p>All content on this site is licensed under
<a
href="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/">
a Creative Commons License</a>. </p>
```

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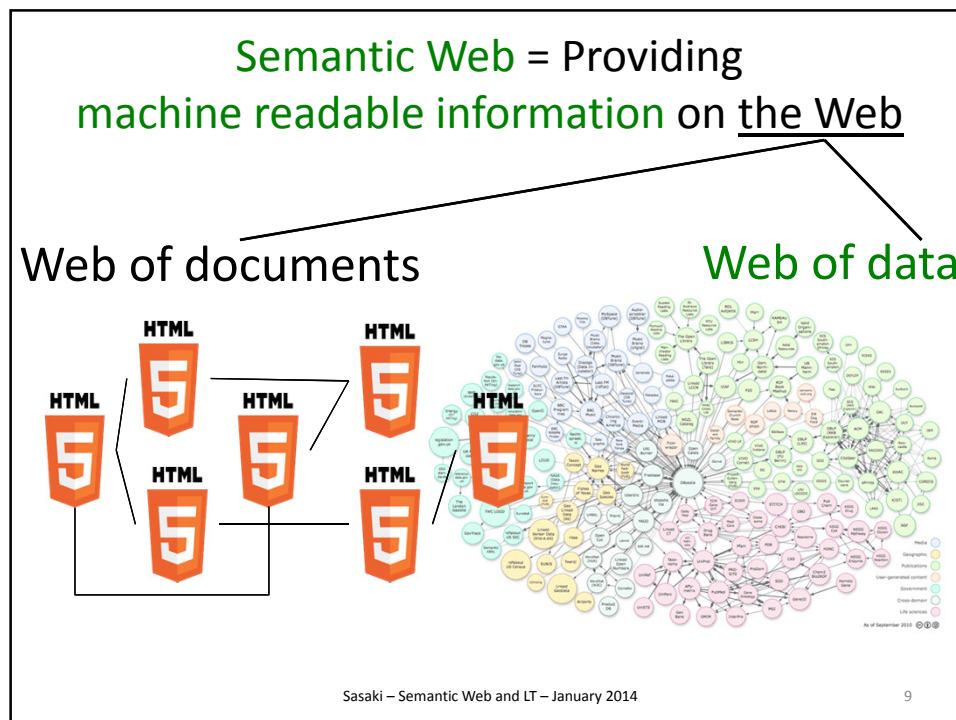
Semantic Web to the rescue = Providing machine readable information on the Web



```
<p>All content on this site is licensed under
<a property="http://creativecommons.org/ns#license"
href="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/">
a Creative Commons License</a>. </p>
```

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Tasks ...

Write Semantic Web data
Create Semantic Web vocabularies
Representation and data creation
Query

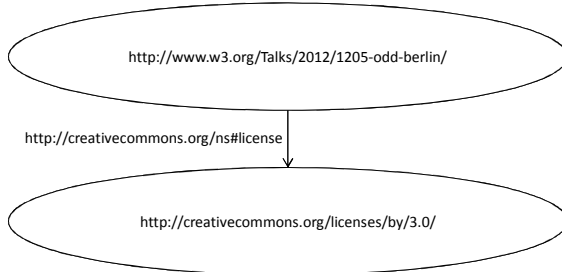
... and technologies: past and presence

Write Semantic Web data: RDF (Resource Description Framework)
Create Semantic Web vocabularies: RDFS, SKOS, OWL (for complex ontologies)
Representation and data creation: Turtle, RDFa, R2RML, ...
Query: SPARQL

Write Semantic Web Data: RDF “statements”



Reference to license CC BY with an RDF statement (visualization):

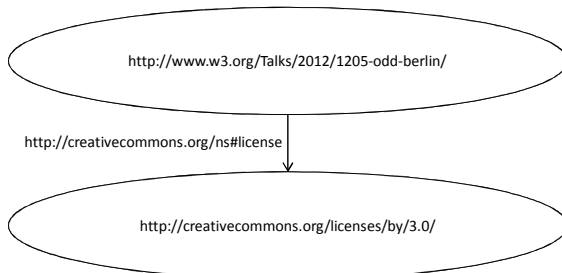


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Turtle syntax

Reference to license CC BY with an RDF statement (visualization) + Turtle syntax:

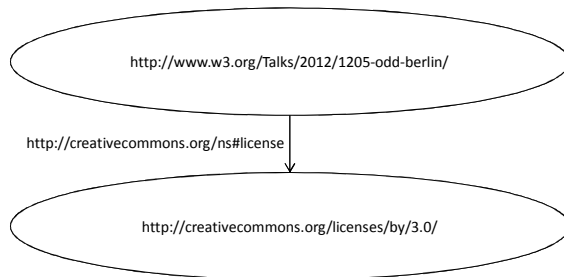


```
@prefix cc: <http://creativecommons.org/ns#>.
@prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>.
<http://www.w3.org/Talks/2012/1205-odd-berlin/>
  cc:license
    <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>.
```

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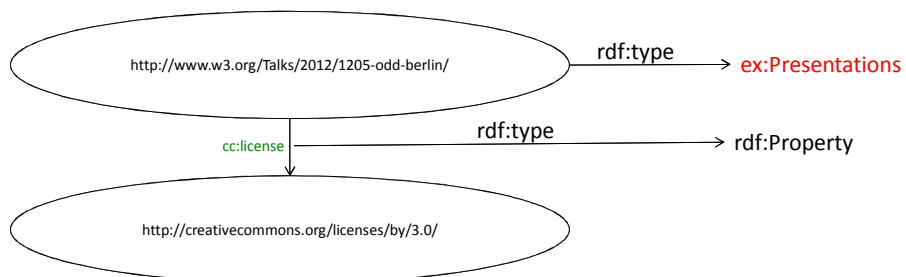
RDF statements ...



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... can be based on vocabularies



RDF Schema

- For defining **Classes** (example “Presentations”) and **properties** (like “cc:license”)
- ### OWL (Web Ontology Language)
- For defining further constraints for vocabularies
- ### SKOS
- For describing e.g. thesauri, taxonomies, classification schemes

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Ways to create and store Semantic Web data



```
<rdf:RDF xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#"
  xmlns:cc="http://creativecommons.org/ns#"
  <rdf:Description
    rdf:about="http://www.w3.org/Talks/2012/1205-odd-berlin/">
    @prefix cc: <http://creativecommons.org/ns#>.
    @prefix rdf: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>.
    <http://www.w3.org/Talks/2012/1205-odd-berlin/>
      cc:license
        <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>.
```

RDF/XML

Turtle

```
<p>All content on this site is licensed under
<a property="http://creativecommons.org/ns#license"
  href="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/">
  a Creative Commons License</a>. </p>
```

RDFa (embedding in HTML)

- RDFa Lite 1.1 <http://www.w3.org/TR/rdfa-lite/>: one-to-one mapping to microdata
- Microdata to RDF <http://www.w3.org/TR/microdata-rdf/>: extracting RDF from microdata
- HTML Data Guide <http://www.w3.org/TR/html-data-guide/>: guidance about RDFa vs. microdata vs. microformats
- R2ML <http://www.w3.org/TR/r2rml/>: Mapping relational data bases to RDF

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Query - SPARQL



- Query language for RDF
- Patterns in link (=graph) structures
- E.g. “find all presentations with CC BY license”

Query will return

<http://www.w3.org/Talks/2012/1205-odd-berlin/>

```
PREFIX cc: <http://creativecommons.org/ns#>
SELECT ?presentation WHERE {
  ?presentation cc:license <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/>.
}
```

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SPARQL Query with dbpedia data set: "People who were born in Berlin before 1900":

<http://tinyurl.com/born-in-berlin>

SPARQL Explorer for <http://dbpedia.org/sparql>

SPARQL:

```
PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
PREFIX xsd: <http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#>
PREFIX rdf: <http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#>
PREFIX rdfs: <http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#>
PREFIX foaf: <http://xmlns.com/foaf/0.1/>
PREFIX owl: <http://www.w3.org/2002/07/owl#>
PREFIX ddpedia: <http://dbpedia.org/resource/>
PREFIX dbpedia: <http://dbpedia.org/property/>
PREFIX skos: <http://www.w3.org/2004/02/skos/core#>
PREFIX dbo: <http://dbpedia.org/ontology/>
```

```
SELECT ?name ?birth ?death ?person WHERE {
  ?person dbo:birthPlace :Berlin .
  ?person dbo:birthDate ?birth .
  ?person foaf:name ?name .
  ?person dbo:deathDate ?death .
  FILTER (?birth < "1900-01-01"^^xsd:date) .
}
```

ORDER BY ?name

Results:

SPARQL results:

name	birth	death	person
"Helene" Ellen Franz"@en	"1839-05-30"^^xsd:date	"1923-03-24"^^xsd:date	:Ellen_Franz ⓘ
"{}"@en	"1811-10-29"^^xsd:date	"1873-06-06"^^xsd:date	:Prince_Adalbert_of_Prussia_(1811%E2%80%A31873) ⓘ
"(Carl Heinrich) Eduard Knoblauch Knoblauch"@en	"1801-09-25"^^xsd:date	"1865-05-29"^^xsd:date	:Eduard_Knoblauch ⓘ
"Achim von Arnim"@en	"1781-01-26"^^xsd:date	"1831-01-21"^^xsd:date	:Ludwig_Achim_von_Arnim ⓘ
"Adalbert Of Prussia"@en	"1811-10-29"^^xsd:date	"1873-06-06"^^xsd:date	:Prince_Adalbert_of_Prussia_(1811%E2%80%A31873) ⓘ
"Adam Heinrich Müller"@en	"1779-06-30"^^xsd:date	"1829-01-17"^^xsd:date	:Adam_M%C3%BCller ⓘ
"Adam Müller"@en	"1779-06-30"^^xsd:date	"1829-01-17"^^xsd:date	:Adam_M%C3%BCller ⓘ
"Adolf Christen"@en	"1811-09-07"^^xsd:date	"1883-07-13"^^xsd:date	:Adolf_Christen ⓘ
"Adolf Heinrich von Arnim-Boltzenburg"@en	"1803-04-10"^^xsd:date	"1868-01-08"^^xsd:date	:Adolf_Heinrich_von_Arnim-Boltzenburg ⓘ
"Adolf Otto Reinhold Windaus"@en	"1876-12-25"^^xsd:date	"1959-06-09"^^xsd:date	:Adolf_Otto_Reinhold_Windaus ⓘ

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SOME ADDITIONAL BUILDING BLOCKS

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Media Fragments URI 1.0 (basic)

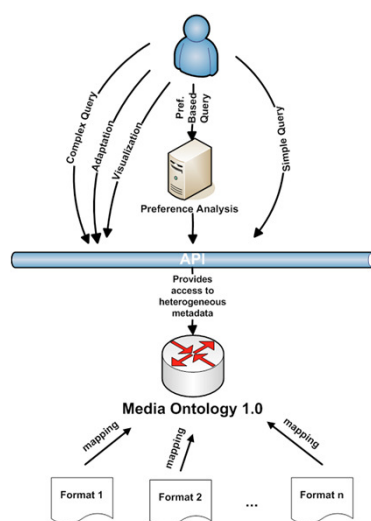
- See <http://www.w3.org/TR/media-frags/>
- Fragments for identifying spatial and temporal dimensions of various medias
- Using these other HTTP

Base URI: <http://www.example.com/example.ogv> . Example fragments:
 #t=10,20
 #track=audio&t=10,20
 #id=Cap%C3%ADtulo%202
 xywh=160,120,320,240

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Ontology for Media Resources 1.0



MAWG	Relation	EXIF 2.2
Descriptive Properties (Core Set)		
<i>Identification</i>		
identifier	exact	ImageUniqueID
title	more specific	ImageDescription, INAM
language	N/A	
locator	N/A	
<i>Creation</i>		
contributor	exact	IART, IENG, ISRC, ITCH
creator	more specific	IART, ISRC

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From Semantic Web to the Web of Data

- Since end of 2013: W3C Data activity
<http://www.w3.org/2013/data/> encompasses
 - Semantic Web (previous slides)
 - eGov (following slides)
- Semantic Web is just one technology stack
 - Work on mapping to other formats, e.g. CSV
 - Best Practices for Data on the Web
 - Semantic Web = one form of Big Data

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Vocabularies

- A growing set
- Various choices, e.g. syntax
- Application scenarios
 - eGovernment
 - Search Engine Optimization
 - ...
 - LT

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Not W3C, but related: Schema.org

- See <http://www.schema.org/>
- Collection of schemas
 - Creative works, person, place, product, ..
- Markup approach(es)
 - Microdata, RDFa Lite 1.1
- Recognized by major search engine providers

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“Two syntax” approach

RDFa Lite 1.1

```
<p vocab="http://schema.org/" typeof="Person">
  My name is <span property="name">Felix Sasaki</span>.
</p>
```

Microdata

```
<p itemscope itemtype="http://schema.org/Person">
  My name is <span itemprop="name">Felix Sasaki</span>.
</p>
```

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Schema.org: *not* W3C work, but also discussed in W3C Web Schemas task force

- See <http://www.w3.org/wiki/WebSchemas>
- Discussing extension proposals and mappings
- Example extension (partially still proposals)
 - rNews (collab. with IPTC)
 - Health and Medical (collab. with W3C health care and life sciences Interest Group)
 - GoodRelations (collab. with GoodRelations)
- Public discussion list at <http://lists.w3.org/Archives/Public/public-vocabs/>

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eGov @ W3C

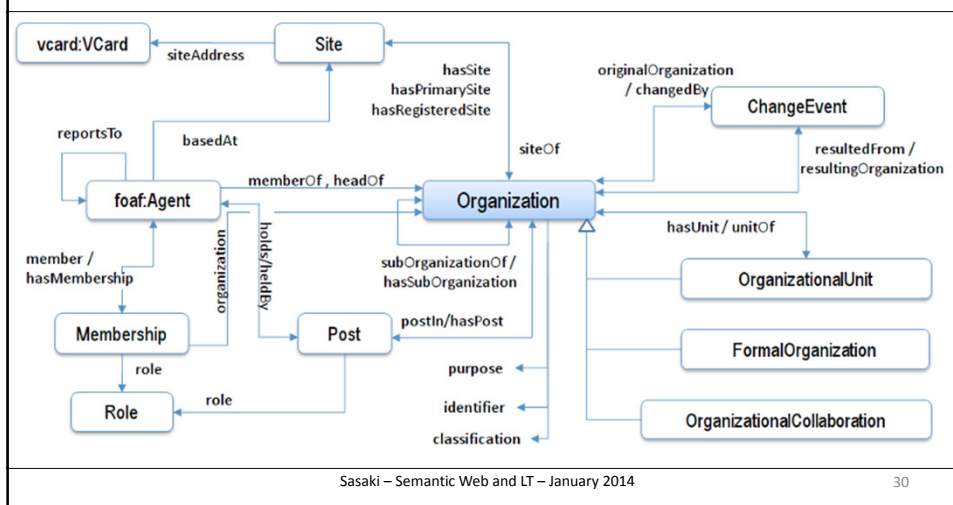
- See <http://www.w3.org/egov/>
- Work on actual vocabularies, e.g. in the area of eGovernment
 - “An Organization Ontology”
 - <http://www.w3.org/TR/vocab-org/>
 - “RDF Data Cube Vocabulary”
 - <http://www.w3.org/TR/vocab-data-cube/>
 - “Data Catalog Vocabulary (DCAT)”
 - <http://www.w3.org/TR/vocab-dcat/>
- Discussing how to actually use open data
 - “Using Open Data” workshop June 2012
<http://www.w3.org/2012/06/pmod/>
- Actual standardization work (Working Group) and discussion form (Interest Group – please join ☺)

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An Organization Ontology

- Organizational information across domains

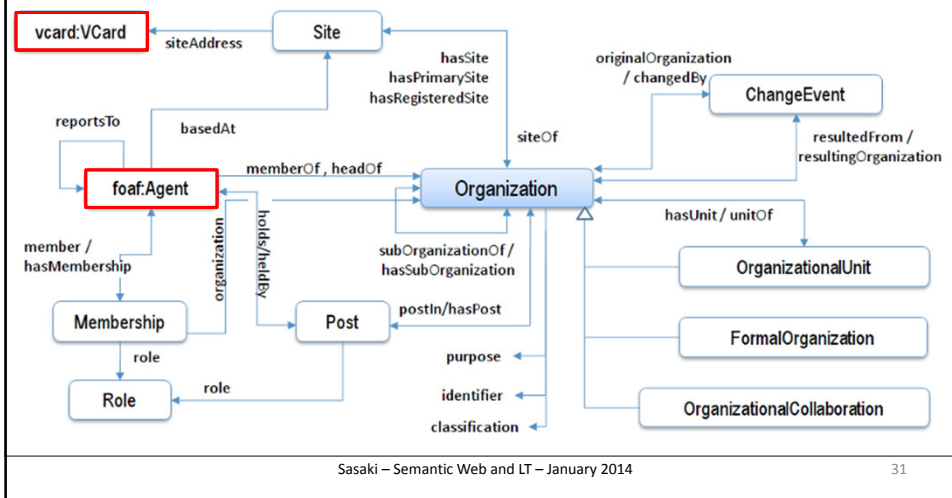


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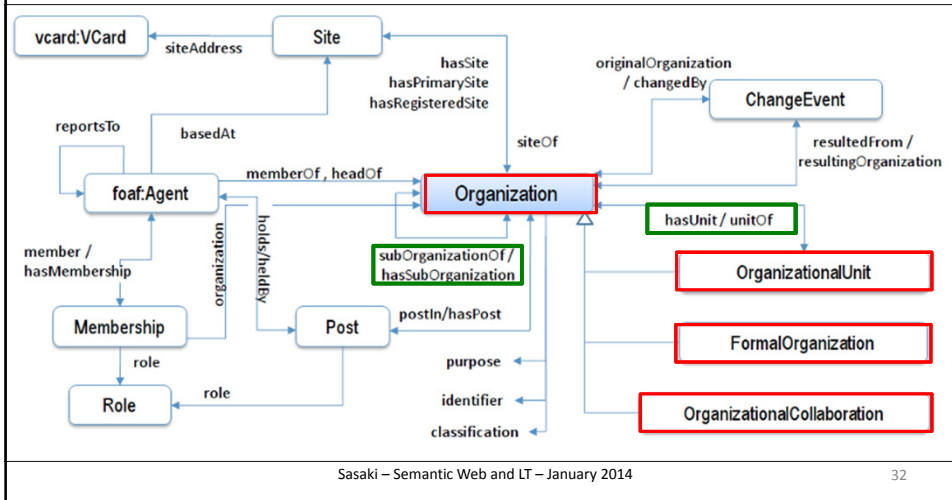
An Organization Ontology

- Re-use of vocabularies



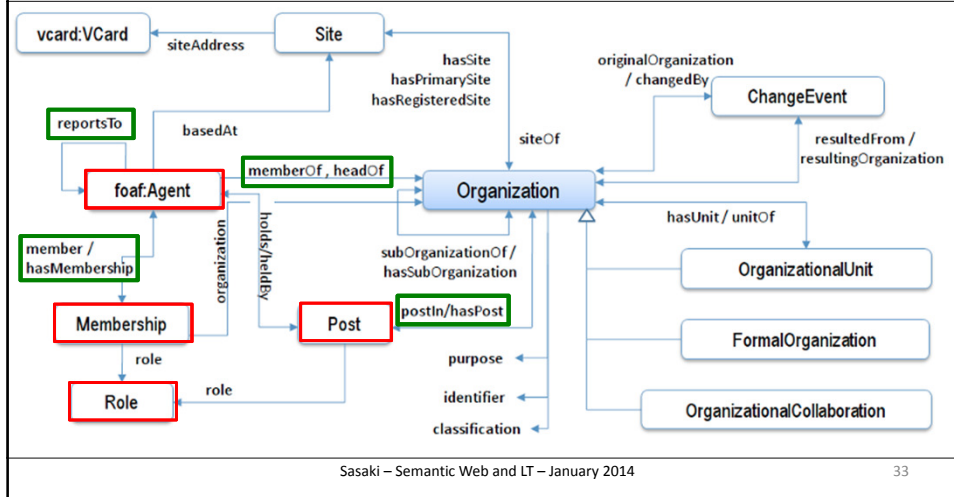
An Organization Ontology

- Organisational structure



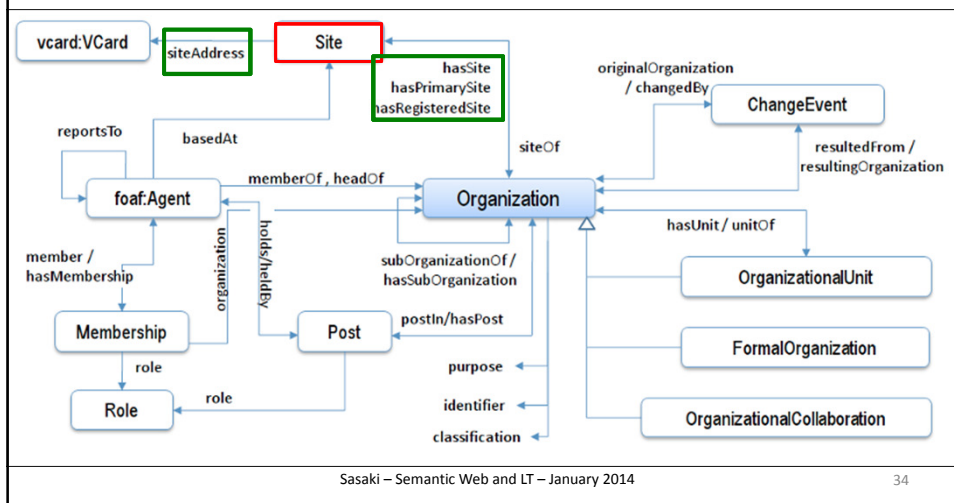
An Organization Ontology

- Membership and reporting structure



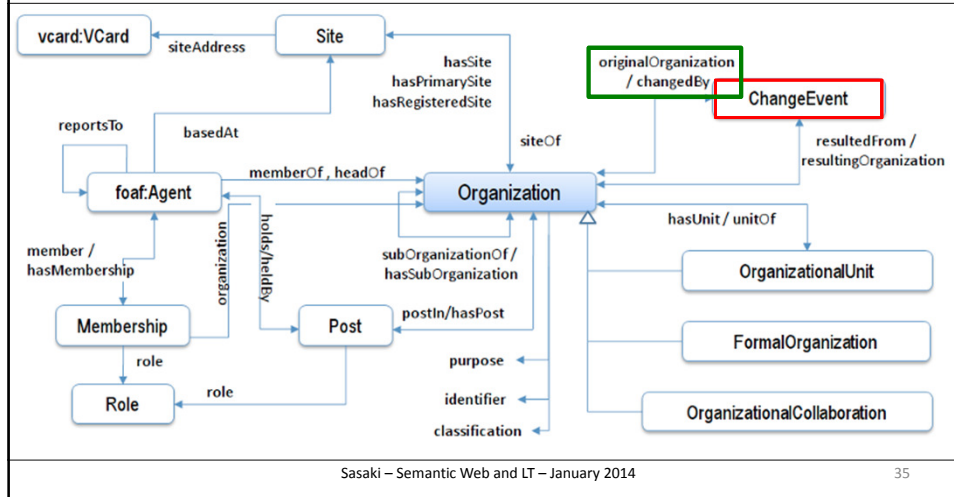
An Organization Ontology

- Location information



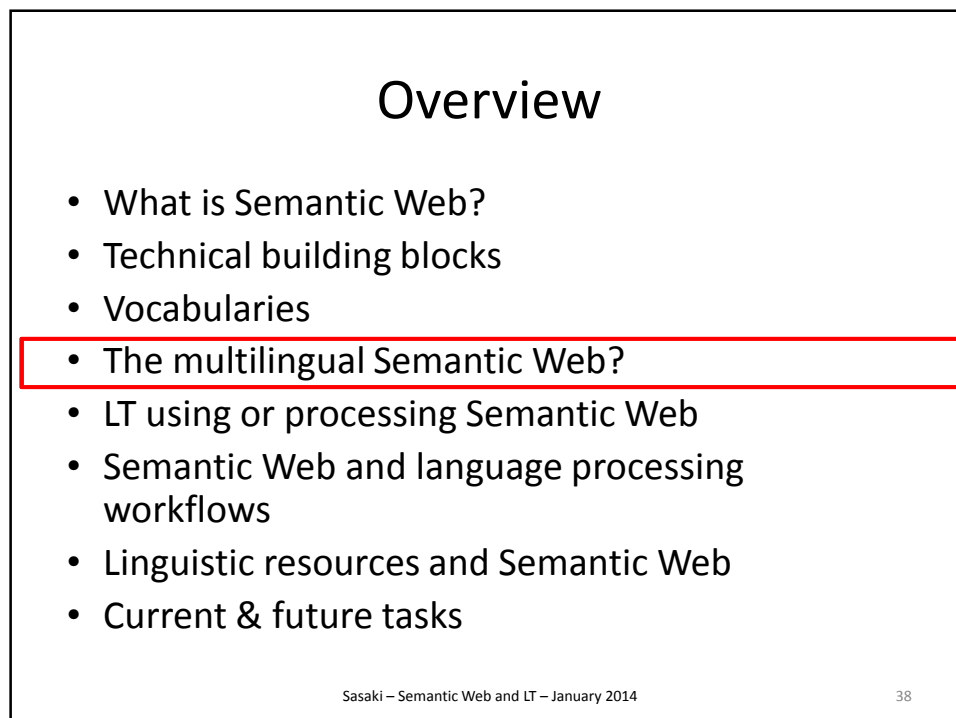
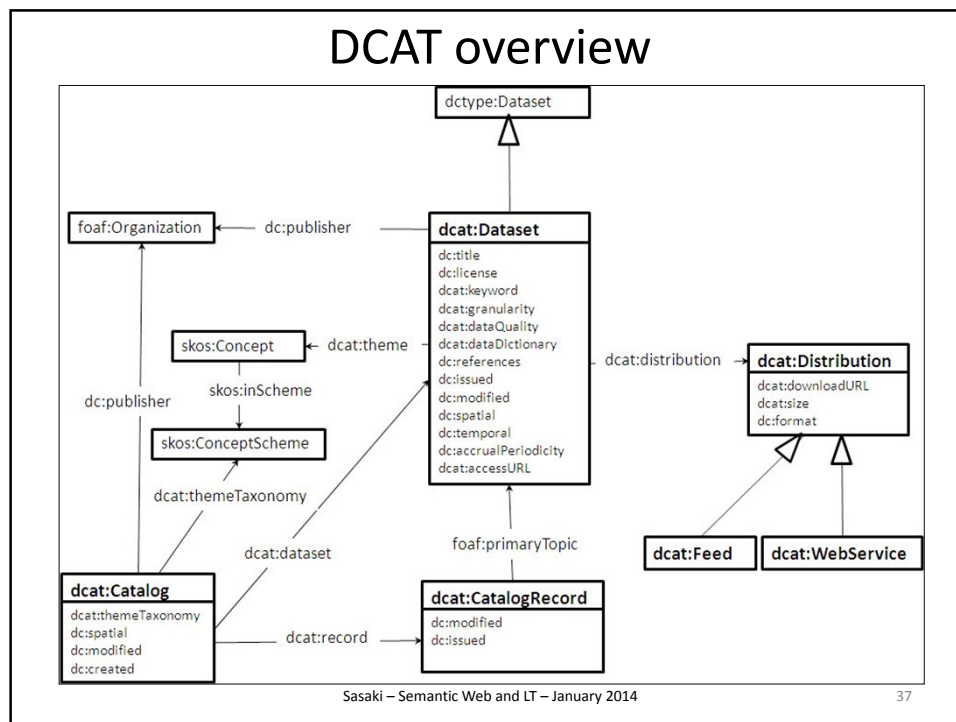
An Organization Ontology

- Organizational History

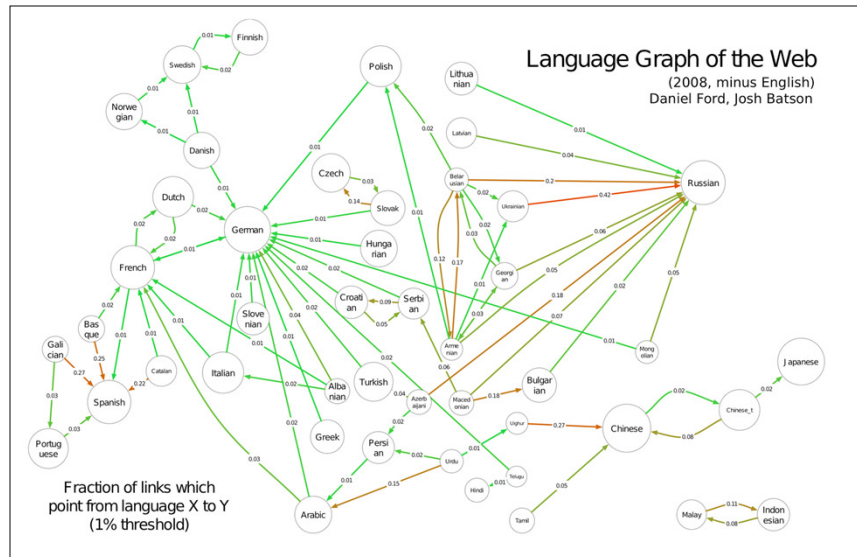


Data Catalog Vocabulary (DCAT)

- Facilitate interoperability between data catalogs on the Web
- Uses existing vocabularies
 - FOAF
 - Dublin Core
 - SKOS



Multilinguality?



Source: <http://googleresearch.blogspot.de/2011/07/languages-of-world-wide-web.html>

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Multilinguality and the Semantic Web?

“4.78% human readable descriptions have one language tag”

“Only 0.7% datasets contain several language tags”

“Most commonly language used:

44.72% (en), 5.22% (de), 5.11% (fr), 3.96% (it),...”

Source: Ell et al, 2011 Labels in the Web of Data, ISWC 2011

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Internationalization Tag Set 2.0

- See <http://www.w3.org/TR/its20/>
- Defining metadata for multilingual processing of Web or other content, e.g. via
 - Machine translation
 - Localization workflows
- Where is the metadata needed – *for example*:
 - In Web content, e.g. HTML5
 - In XML-based and localization related formats
 - In the Semantic Web

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Metadata example: “Translate” in HTML5 and XLIFF

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html> ...
<p>The <span translate=no>World Wide Web Consortium</span> is
making the World Web Web worldwide!</p>...</html>
```

```
<xliff ...> ...
<trans-unit id="1">
  <source xml:lang="en">The <mrk mtype="protected">World Wide
Web Consortium</mrk> ...!</source>
  <target> ...
</xliff>
```

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Metadata example: “Terminology” in HTML5 and XLIFF

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html> ...
<p>We need a new <span its-term=yes>motherboard</span>
...</html>
```

```
<xliff ...> ...
<trans-unit id="1">
  <source xml:lang="en">We need a new
    <mrk mtype="term">motherboard</mrk></source>
  <target> ...
</xliff>
```

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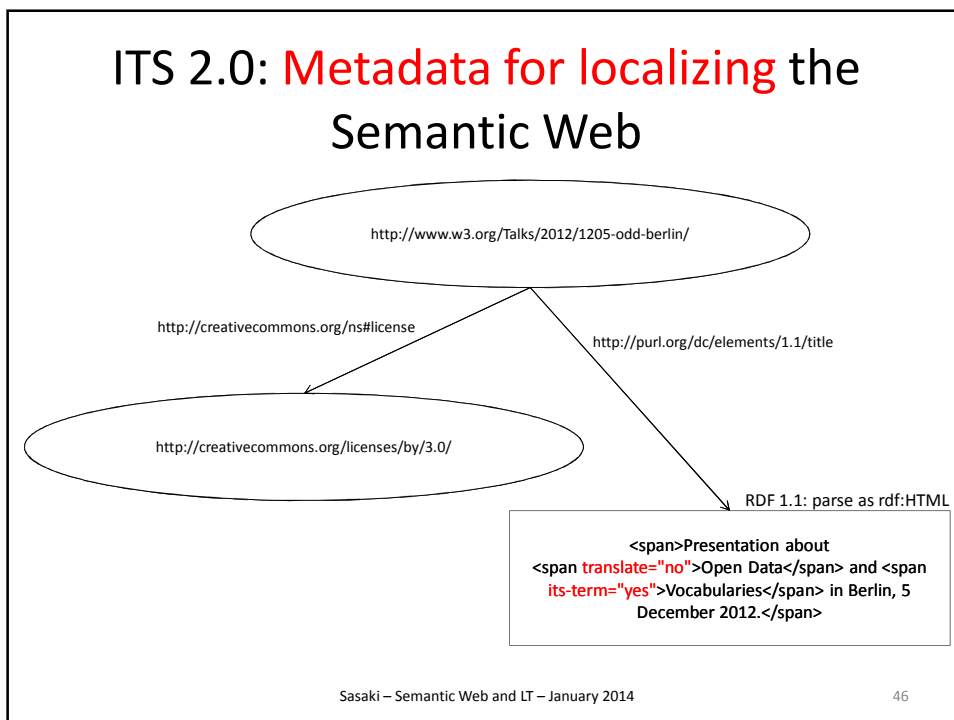
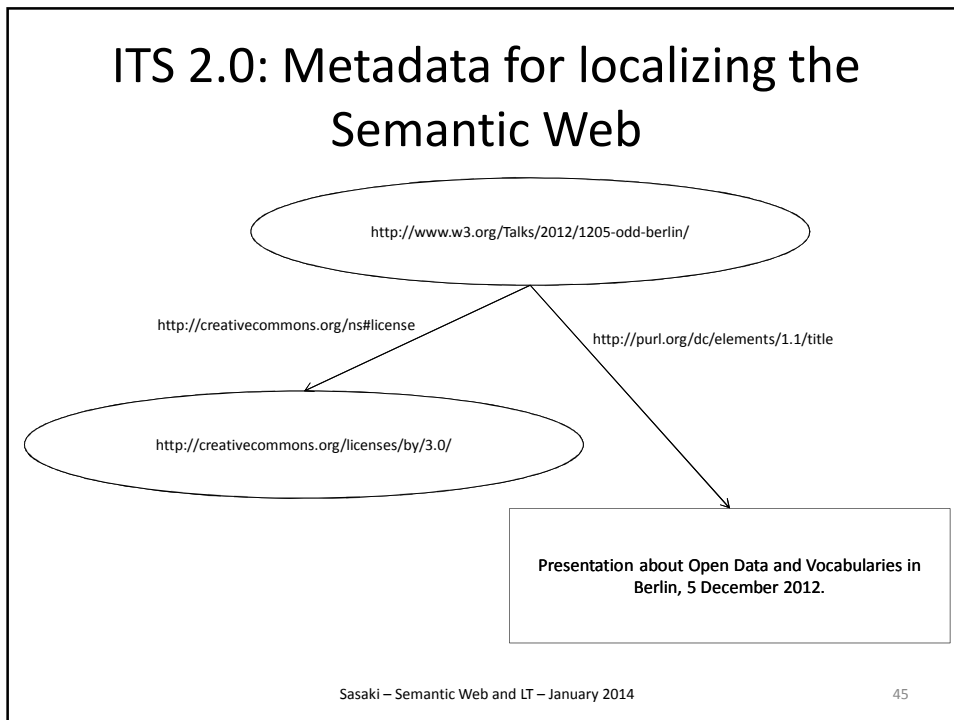
Metadata example: “Text Analysis” in HTML5

- Identify special conceptual patterns (e.g. named entities, lexical concepts)
- Add further information (e.g. class of entity, unique identifier)

```
<html> .... <p><span ...
  its-ta-class-ref="http://nerd.eurecom.fr/ontology#Place"
  its-ta-ident-ref="http://dbpedia.org/resource/Dublin"
  >Dublin</span> is the <span
    its-ta-source="Wordnet3.0"
    its-ta-ident="301467919" ... >capital</span> of Ireland.</p>
</body></html>
```

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LT using Semantic Web

- Question Answering over the Semantic Web
 - Example: IBM Watson
 - Using e.g. connection between linked data and natural language text in Wikipedia
 - Tasks: entity recognition & relation detection
- Generation of Natural Language from Linked Data
 - SW as an interlingua
 - RDF/OWL as a knowledge representation formalism
 - NLG from distributed ontologies

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LT using Semantic Web

- Named Entity Disambiguation by exploiting domain knowledge
 - E.g. Wikipedia as semantic knowledge source
 - Example (demo): dbpedia spotlight
<http://dbpedia-spotlight.github.com/demo/>
 - Potential: schema.org annotations for domain specific LT tasks, e.g.
 - rNews for news domain
 - Health and Medical for life sciences
 - GoodRelations for E-Commerce

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LT using Semantic Web

- Reasoning upon facts extracted from text
- Temporal interpretation and reasoning for text analytic tasks
 - “Obama = president” not eternally true
 - Normalization of dates
 - Integration with existing facts

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Semantic Web using LT

- Still rather a desire
- (Potential) Tasks
 - (schema.org) annotation quality checking
 - eGov (organization ontology, dcat) linking “ontologies to text”
 - Creating multilingual Semantic Web resources via LT (e.g. MT, see BabelNet <http://lcl.uniroma1.it/babelnet/>)
 - Creating annotations (e.g. ITS “Text Analysis”) for further NLP processing, see upcoming slides

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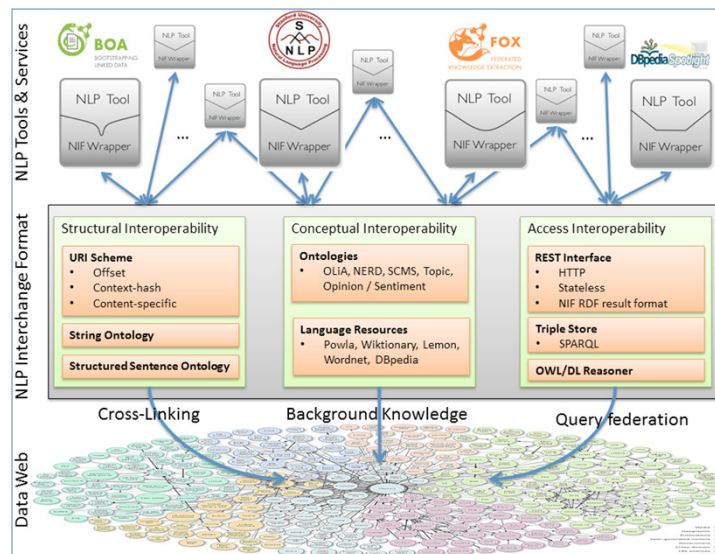
LT processing

- Organized in workflows, relying on frameworks
 - UIMA
 - GATE
 - ...
- Re-use of workflows hindered by data integration challenge
- RDF to the rescue: NLP Interchange Format (NIF) <http://nlp2rdf.org/nif-1-0>

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NIF overview



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NIF example: converting HTML5 with ITS 2.0 metadata to NIF

```
<html>...<body><h2 translate="yes">Welcome to <span
  its-ta-ident-ref="http://dbpedia.org/resource/Dublin"
  translate="no">Dublin</span> in <b
  translate="no">Ireland</b>!</h2></body></html>
```

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NIF example: converting HTML5 with ITS 2.0 metadata to NIF

```
<html>...<body><h2 translate="yes">Welcome to <span
  its-ta-ident-ref="http://dbpedia.org/resource/Dublin"
  translate="no">Dublin</span> in <b
  translate="no">Ireland</b>!</h2></body></html>
```

```
@prefix itsrdf: <http://www.w3.org/2005/11/its/rdf#> .
# "Welcome to "
<http://example.com/exampledoc.html#xpath(/html/body[1]/h2[1]
/text())[1]>
  itsrdf:nif <http://example.com/exampledoc.html#offset_0_11> .
```

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NIF example: converting HTML5 with ITS 2.0 metadata to NIF

```
<html>...<body><h2 translate="yes">Welcome to <span
  its-ta-ident-ref="http://dbpedia.org/resource/Dublin"
  translate="no">Dublin</span> in <b
  translate="no">Ireland</b>!</h2></body></html>
```

```
@prefix itsrdf: <http://www.w3.org/2005/11/its/rdf#> .
# "Welcome to " ...
<http://example.com/exampledoc.html#offset_0_11>
  rdf:type str:String ; rdf:type str:OffsetBasedString ;
  itsrdf:translate "yes";
  str:referenceContext
<http://example.com/exampledoc.html#offset_0_29> .
```

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NIF processing: generating ITS 2.0 “text analysis” metadata

```
# Input: <html>
<body>
  <h2>Welcome to Dublin in Ireland!</h2>
</body>
</html>
# ITS2NIF:
<http://example.com/exampledoc.html#xpath(/html/body[1]/h2[1]
/text())[1]>
  itsrdf:nif <http://example.com/exampledoc.html#offset_0_29>
# DBpedia Spotlight returns:
<http://example.com/exampledoc.html#offset_21_28>
  itsrdf:taIdentRef <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Ireland> .
# final step: NIF2ITS (generation of annotated HTML document)
```

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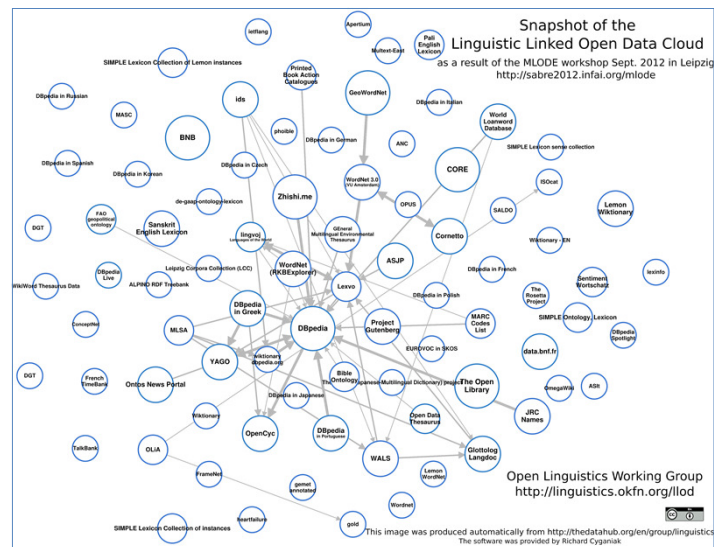
Overview

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- Linguistic resources and Semantic Web
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Linguistic open data cloud



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Linguistic open data cloud

- Goal: represent linguistic resources as linked open data
- Potential input: see <http://tinyurl.com/lod-input>
- Issues
 - Data quality
 - Maintenance / persistence
 - Licensing
 - “What’s a linguistic data set?” See <http://tinyurl.com/lod-what>

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Potential for LT: authority files linked across languages via Wikipedia

Johann Wolfgang von Goethe

 *Goethe* ist eine Weiterleitung auf diesen Artikel. Weitere Bedeutungen sind unter *Goethe (Begriffsklärung)* aufgeführt.

Johann Wolfgang von Goethe (* 28. August 1749 in Frankfurt am Main; † 22. März 1832 in Weimar), geadelt 1782, war ein deutscher Dichter. Er forschte und publizierte außerdem auf verschiedenen naturwissenschaftlichen Gebieten. Ab 1776 bekleidete er am Hof von Weimar unterschiedliche politische und administrative Ämter.

Goethes literarische Produktion umfasst *Gedichte*, *Dramen*, *erzählende Werke* (in *Vers* und *Prosa*), *autobiografische*, ästhetische, kunst- und literaturtheoretische sowie naturwissenschaftliche Schriften. Auch sein umfangreicher Briefwechsel ist von großer literarischer Bedeutung. Goethe war ein Vorreiter und der wichtigste Vertreter des *Sturm und Drang*. Sein Roman *Die Leiden des jungen Werthers* machte ihn 1774 in ganz Europa berühmt. Später wandte er sich inhaltlich und formal den Idealen der *Antike* zu und wurde ab den 1790er Jahren, gemeinsam mit *Friedrich Schiller* und im Austausch mit diesem, zum wichtigsten Vertreter der *Weimarer Klassik*. Im Alter galt Goethe auch im Ausland als Repräsentant des geistigen Deutschland.



Normdaten (Person): [GND: 118540238](#) [LCCN: n79003362](#) [NDL: 00441109](#) [VIAF: 24602065](#)

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Potential for LT: authority files linked across languages via Wikipedia

<skos:Concept rdf:about="http://id.ndl.go.jp/auth/ndln<u>00441109</u>">
 <foaf:primaryTopic>
 <foaf:Person rdf:about="http://id.ndl.go.jp/auth/entity/00441109">
 <foaf:name>GoetheJohann Wolfgang von</foaf:name>
 <rda:dateOfBirth>1749</rda:dateOfBirth>
 <rda:dateOfDeath>1832</rda:dateOfDeath>
 </foaf:Person>
</foaf:primaryTopic>
<det:modified>2012-11-13T14:11:42</det:modified>
<det:created>1997-03-31</det:created>
<xl:prefLabel>
 <rdf:Description>
 <xl:literalForm>Goethe, Johann Wolfgang von, 1749-1832</xl:literalForm>
 </rdf:Description>
</xl:prefLabel>
</skos:Concept>

Normdaten (Person): GND: 118540238 | LCCN: n79003362 | NDL: 00441109 | VIAF: 24602065 |

```

<xl:altLabel>
  <rdf:Description>
    <xl:literalForm>Goethe</xl:literalForm>
  </rdf:Description>
</xl:altLabel>
<xl:altLabel>
  <rdf:Description>
    <xl:literalForm>ゲーテ, J. W. v</xl:literalForm>
  </rdf:Description>
</xl:altLabel>
  
```

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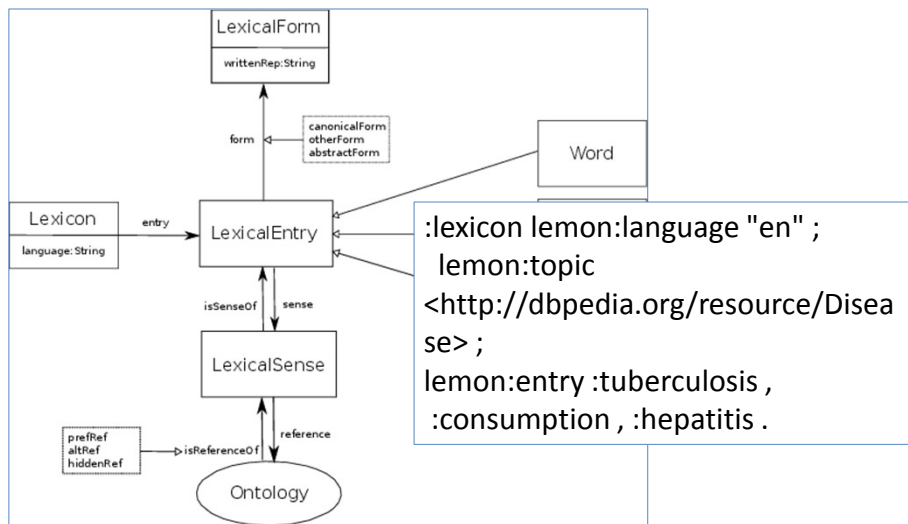
Lexicon Model for Ontologies (LEMON)

- Representing lexical information in RDF, relative to ontologies
- Intro at <http://www.lemon-model.net/5mins.html>

```

:tuberculosis lemon:canonicalForm [
  lemon:writtenRep "tuberculosis"@en ] ;
lemon:sense [
  lemon:reference <http://dbpedia.org/resource/Tuberculosis> ] .
  
```

Lexicon Model for Ontologies (LEMON)



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Terminological resources

- Many formats used in localization
 - TBX
 - OLIF
 - ...
- TBX/RDF: approach to bring terminological resources to the Semantic Web

<http://www.w3.org/International/multilingualweb/dublin/slides/09-melby.pdf>
- Still in early stage

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META-SHARE

- See <http://www.meta-share.org/>
- Network of repositories of language data, tools and related web services
- Not (yet) based on Semantic Web representation of resources
- But: holds the “missing block” of Ilod: curated, high-quality resources with clear licensing information

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Linked Data and Content Analytics

- Content analytics
 - Analysis of (textual) content, based on (named) entities
- Going far beyond entities: sentiment analysis, opinion detection
- Relation to linked data / SW
 - Content analytics generates structural data
 - Facilitates search & semantic data integration
 - Content analytics can benefit from controlled vocabularies, taxonomies, ontologies

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Linked Data and Content Analytics

- LIDER project – started November 2013
- Aim: explore chances & challenges for Semantic Web & content analytics
- Develop a roadmap around “content analytics & linked data” research topics
- Engage various industries
 - Localization, media industries, Web technology in general

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Current and future tasks

- Semantic Web data cleansing
- Creation of multilingual Semantic Web data
- Definition of a lexico-linguistic layer in the LOD cloud
- Integration with industry workflows (e.g. in localization / web technologies)
- Development of research & industry usage scenarios

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Semantic Web and Language Technologies

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Assignment

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ITS 2.0 “Text Analysis” and (Semantic Web sensitive) LT tools

- “Text Analysis” defines various pieces of metadata, see <http://www.w3.org/TR/its20/#EX-text-analysis-html5-local-1>
 - its-ta-confidence, its-ta-class-ref, its-ta-ident-ref, its-ta-source, its-ta-ident
- Look for LT tools that produce text analysis information
- Create a table comparing output of these tools to the ITS 2.0 metadata pieces
- Take usage of Semantic Web resources (e.g. dbpedia) into account
- Be prepared to state your view about the usefulness of the ITS 2.0 “text analysis” information

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