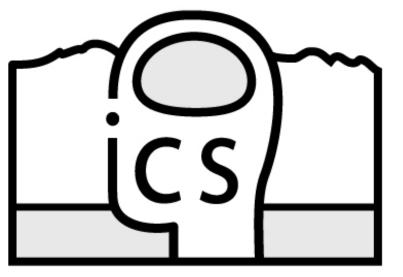


Language Influences Hue Perception

Katherine S. Phelps¹, Kevin Gould¹, Steve Duman¹, and Les Sikos² University of Colorado, Boulder¹ Swarthmore College, Swarthmore, PA²



institute of cognitive science

Background

- Color words differ across languages, which may affect color perception
- People are faster to distinguish between two colors if there is a lexical distinction in their language (Thierry et al. 2009)
- Learned shape-color associations affect perceived hue (Goldstone 1995)
- Common shape-color associations affect perceived hue (Bruner et al. 1951)

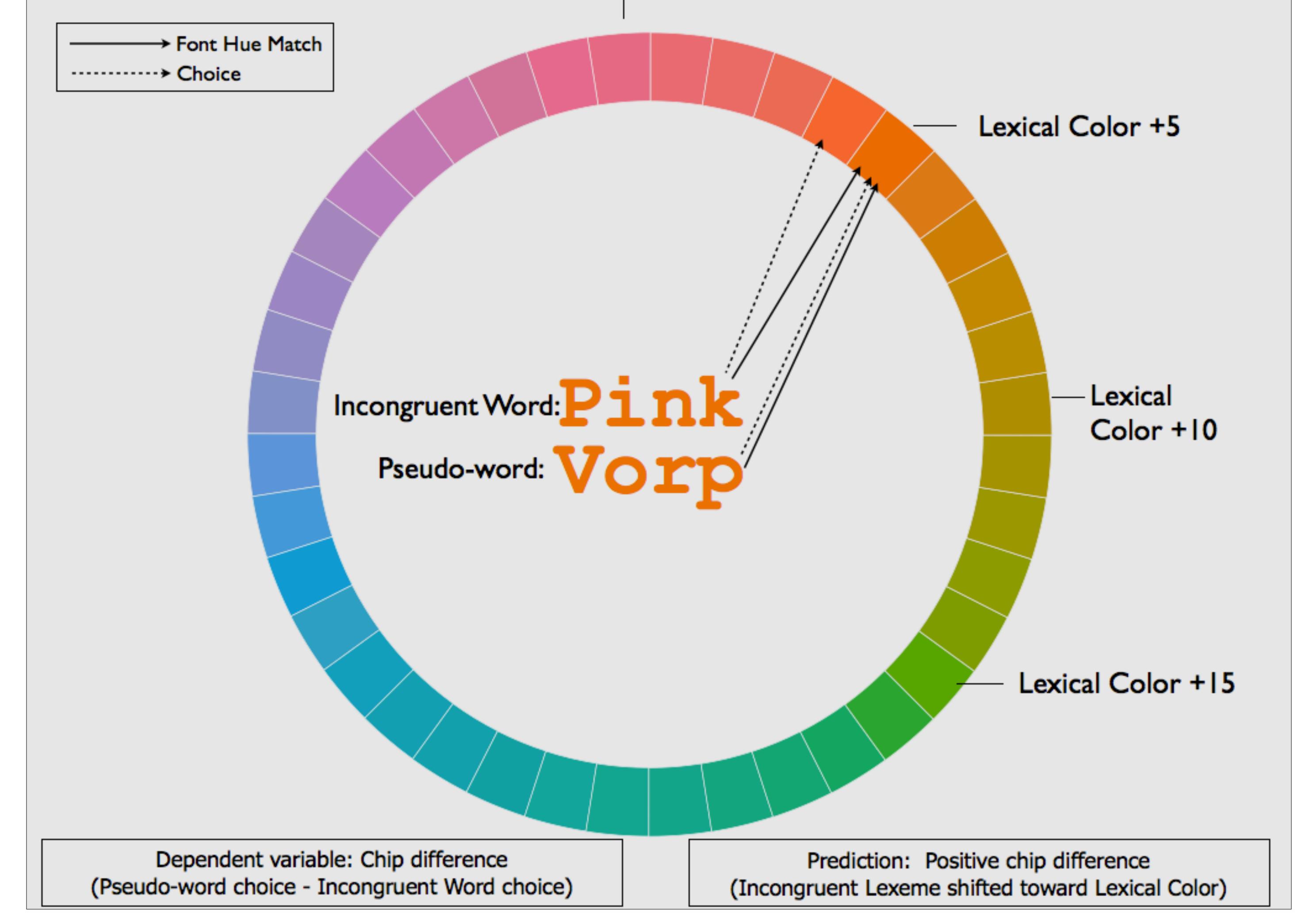
Hypothesis

- Color categories in language will affect font hue perception in a simple judgment task
- Incongruence between lexical color and font hue (e.g., red) results in font hue judgment that is "pulled" toward the lexical color

Design

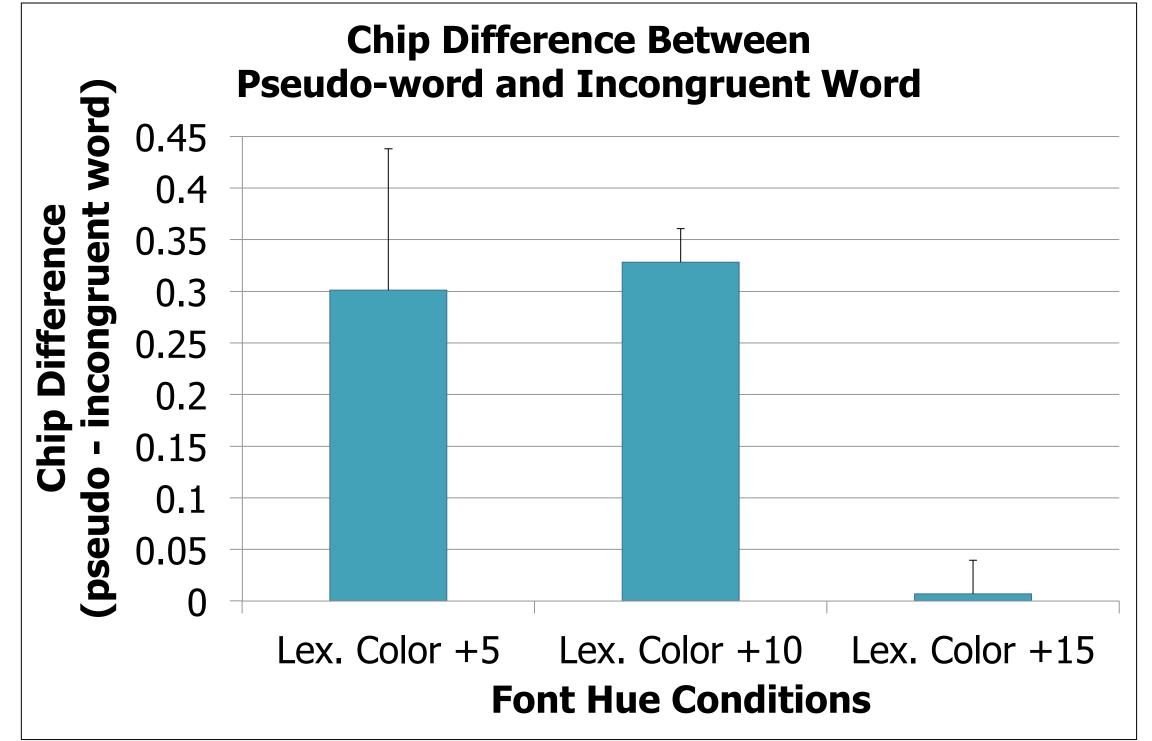
- 26 participants presented with incongruent color words, pseudowords, and filler words
- Select font hue from surrounding color spectrum (40 hue chips)
- 6 spectrum wheels, varied in lightness, controlled for saturation, rotated randomly for each trial
- 204 trials (4 blocks), self-paced

Lexical Color "Pink"



Analysis

- Three font hue conditions: Lexical color +5, +10, +15
- Linear Regression: average within-subjects difference scores predicted by conditions (contrast coded for specific comparisons)
- Statistical Model: Chip Diff. = $\beta_0 + \beta_1 5vs10 + \beta_2 5\&10vs15$
- Individual one-sample T-tests comparing average chip difference to 0



Results

Hypothesis confirmed

- Positive chip difference *F*(1,75)=7.3984, p < 0.05
- No difference between 5 and 10 chip condition
 - F(1,75) = 0.02; p = 0.89
- One-sample T-tests
- 5 chips: *t*(25)= 2.19; p < .05

10 chips: *t*(25)= 2.46; p < .05 Chip difference not significant for 15 chips

t(26)= 0.05; p=0.96

Conclusions

- Font hue of incongruent words judged as closer to lexical color
- Simultaneous activation of visual color and lexical color alters the perception of font hue in real-time
- Effect depends on distance from lexical color
- Mechanism for Linguistic Relativity
 - Activation of language-specific color categories affects hue perception
 - Top-down knowledge influences bottomup processes

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- Thierry, G., Athanasopoulous, P., Wigget, A., Dering, B., & Kuipers, J. (2009). Unconscious effects of language-specific terminology on preattentive color perception. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, 106 (11), 4567-4570

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