

# Computational Approaches to Creative Language: Idiomacity

Caroline Sporleder

Computational Linguistics  
Universität des Saarlandes

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# Types of Idiomaticity (Baldwin, 2010)

- **lexical idiomaticity**: at least one word not in lexicon (“ad hoc”)
- **syntactic idiomaticity**: syntax of whole expression not directly derived from syntax of components (“by and large”)
- **semantic idiomaticity**: meaning of whole expression not directly derived from meaning of components (“middle of the road”)
- **pragmatic idiomaticity**: expression associated with fixed set of situations (“good morning”)
- **statistical idiomaticity**: a particular combination of words occurs with markedly higher frequency than components or alternative phrasings (“black and white” vs. “white and black”)

## 'Idiom'

- any kind of multi-word expression (MWE)
- or only those which are semantically idiomatic

## 'Collocation'

- a statistically idiomatic MWE
- narrower definition requires also syntactic non-idiomaticity and relative semantic transparency

## 'Phraseology'

- interested in description and functional classification of MWEs